# **ANNUAL EMISSIONS REPORT FOR AIRCRAFT OPERATORS**

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If your competent authority requires you to hand in a signed paper copy of the monitoring plan, please use the space below for signature:

12.02,2016

MAKSIMS RAZDIAKONOUS

Name and Signature of legally responsible person



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remplate version information.	
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### **GUIDELINES AND CONDITIONS**

1 Directive 2003/87/EC, as amended (hereinafter "the (revised) EU ETS Directive") requires aircraft operators who are included in the European Greenhouse Gas Emission Trading Scheme (the EU ETS) to monitor and report their emissions and tonne-kilometre data, and to have the reports verified by an independent and accredited verifier.

The Directive can be downloaded from:

- The Monitoring and Reporting Regulation (Commission Regulation (EU) No. 601/2012, hereinafter the "MRR"), defines further requirements for monitoring and reporting. The MRR can be downloaded from:
  - http://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:02012R0601-20140730&gid=1447163892338&from=EN Article 67(3) of the MRR requires:

The annual emission reports and tonne-kilometre data reports shall at least contain the information listed in Annex X Annex X sets out the minimum content of Annual Emissions Reports.

Furthermore, Article 74(1) states:

Member States may require the operator and aircraft operator to use electronic templates or specific file formats for submission of monitoring plans and changes to the monitoring plan, as well as for submission of annual emissions reports, tonne-kilometre data reports, verification reports and improvement reports.

Those templates or file format specifications established by the Member States shall, at least, contain the information contained in electronic templates or file format specifications published by the Commission. This file constitutes the said reporting template for aircraft operators developed by the Commission services and includes the requirements defined in

Annex X as well as further requirements to assist the aircraft operator in demonstrating compliance with the MRR. Under certain conditions as described below, it may have been amended to a limited extent by a Member State's competent authority. This reporting template represents the views of the Commission services at the time of publication.

This is the final version of the annual emissions report template for aircraft operators, as re-endorsed by the Climate Change Committee by written procedure in December 2015.

- 3 All Commission guidance documents on the Monitoring and Reporting Regulation can be found at: http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/ets/monitoring/documentation en.htm
- The EU ETS for aviation has been expanded to cover the three EEA EFTA States located, Norway and Liechtenstein, and will cover also Croatia from 1 July 2013. This means that aircraft operators need to monitor and report their emissions from domestic flights within the EEA EFTA States, flights between the EEA EFTA States and flights between the EEA EFTA States and third countries. Article 28a of the revised EU ETS Directive, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 421/2014, stipulates that for 2013-2016 emissions from flights between

aerodromes in the European Economic Area (EEA) remain fully covered under the EU ETS. However, there is an exemption for flights that are operated between an aerodrome in an outermost region and an aerodrome outside the outermost region of arrival and departure.

Accordingly, all references to Member States in this template should be interpreted as including all 31 EEA States. The EEA comprises the 28 EU Member States, Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway.

- 5 Before you use this file, please carry out the following steps:
  - Make sure you know which Member State is responsible for administering you (the aircraft operator to which this monitoring plan refers). The criteria for defining the administering Member State are set out by Art. 18a of the EU ETS Directive. A list specifying the administering Member State for each aircraft operator can be found on the Commission's website (see below).
  - Identify the Competent Authority (CA) responsible for your case in that administering Member State (there may be more than one CA per (b) Member State).
  - Check the CA's webpage or directly contact the CA in order to find out if you have the correct version of the template. The template version is (c) clearly indicated on the cover page of this file.
  - Some Member States may require you to use an alternative system, such as Internet-based forms instead of a spreadsheet. Check your administering Member State requirements. In this case the CA will provide further information to you.
  - Read carefully the instructions below for filling this template. (e)
- 6 This emission report must be submitted to your Competent Authority ("CA") to the following address:



- Contact your Competent Authority if you need assistance to complete your Annual Emissions Report. Some Member States have produced guidance documents which you may find useful in addition to the Commission's guidance mentioned above. 7
- Confidentiality statement: The information submitted in this report may be subject to public access to information requirements, including Directive 2003/4/EC on public access to environmental information. If you consider that any information you provide in connection with your report should be treated as commercially confidential, please let your Competent Authority know. You should be aware that under the provisions of Directive 2003/4/EC, the Competent Authority may be obliged to disclose information even where the applice requests that it is kept confidential. 4 AU

9	Information sou	Irces:
	EU Websites:	
	EU-Legislation:	http://eur-lex.europa.eu/en/index.htm
	EU ETS general:	http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/ets/index_en.htm
	Aviation EU ETS:	http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/transport/aviation/index_en.htm
	Monitoring and Repr	orting in the EU ETS:
		http://ec.europa.eu/clima/policies/ets/monitoring/index_en.htm

Other Websites: <to be provided by Member State>

Helpdesk



Guidelines and conditions



<to be provided by Member State, if relevant>

10 How to use this file:

This template has been developed to accommodate the minimum content of an annual emissions report required by the MRR. Operators should therefore refer to the MRR and additional Member State requirements (if any) when completing.

It is recommended that you go through the file from start to end. There are a few functions which will guide you through the form which depend on previous input, such as cells changing colour if an input is not needed (see colour codes below).

In several fields you can choose from predefined inputs. For selecting from such a "drop-down list" either click with the mouse on the small arrow appearing at the right border of the cell, or press "Alt-CursorDown" when you have selected the cell. Some fields allow you to input your own text even if such drop-down list exists. This is the case when drop-down lists contain empty list entries.

Colour codes and fonts:

Black bold text: Smaller italic text	This is text provided by the Commission template. It should be kept as it is. This text gives further explanations. Member States may add further explanations in MS specific versions of the
	template.
	Light yellow fields indicate input fields.
the second second	Green fields show automatically calculated results. Red text indicates error messages (missing data etc.).
	Shaded fields indicate that an input in another field makes the input here irrelevant.
	Grey shaded areas should be filled by Member States before publishing customized version of the template.

- 11 This template has been locked against data entry except for yellow fields. However, for transparency reasons, no password has been set. This allows for complete viewing of all formulae. When using this file for data entry, it is recommended to keep the protection in force. The sheets should only be unprotected for checking the validity of formulae. It is recommended to do this in a separate file.
- 12 In order to protect formulae against unintended modifications, which usually lead to wrong and misleading results, it is of utmost importance NOT TO USE the CUT & PASTE function. If you want to move data, first COPY and PASTE them, and thereafter delete the unwanted data in the old (wrong) place.
- 13 Data fields have not been optimized for specific numerical and other formats. However, sheet protection has been limited so as to allow you to use your own formats. In particular, you may decide about the number of decimal places displayed. The number of places is in principle independent from the precision of the calculation. The option "Precision as displayed" of MS Excel should always be deactivated. For more details, consult MS Excel's "Help" function on this topic.

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DISCLAIMER; All formulae have been developed carefully and thoroughly. However, mistakes cannot be fully excluded. As described above, full transparency for checking the validity of calculations is ensured. Nother the authors of this file nor the European Commission can be held flable for eventual damages resulting from wrong or misleading results of the provided calculations. It is the full responsibility of the user of this file (i.e. the aircraft operator) to ensure that connect data is reported to the compatent subtority.

Note: Formulae must be checked and corrected in particular whenever rows and/or columns are added by aircraft operators.

15 Member State-specific guidance is listed here:





## **GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THIS REPORT**

1	Reporting Year	
(a)	Reporting year:	2015
	This is the year in which the reported aviation activities took place, i.e. 2013 for the report v	which you submit by 31 March 2014
		ning you busine by or match 2014.
2	Identification of the Aircraft Operator	
(a)	Please enter the name of the aircraft operator:	SmartLynx Airlines
	This name should be the legal entity carrying out the aviation activities defined in Annex I of	of the EU ETS Directive:
(b)		tors:
	This identifier can be found on the list published by the Commission pursuant to Article	21470
	18a(3) of the EU ETS Directive.	
(c)	If different to the name given in 2(a), please also enter the name of t	he aircraft operator as it appears on the
	Commission's list of operators:	
	The name of the aircraft operator on the list pursuant to Article 18a(3) of the EU ETS Directive may be different to the actual aircraft operator's name entered in 2(a) above.	SmartLynx Airlines
	Directive may be unerent to the actual arcian operator's name entered in 2(a) above.	
		and the second s
(d)	Please enter the unique ICAO designator used in the call sign for Ala available:	r Traffic Control (ATC) purposes, where
	The ICAO designator should be that specified in box 7 of the ICAO flight plan (excluding	ART
	the flight identification) as specified in ICAO document 8585. If you do not specify an ICAO	
	designator in flight plans, please select "n.a." from the drop-down list and proceed to 2(e)	
(e)	Where a unique ICAO designator for ATC purposes is not available,	please provide the sircraft registration
(~)	markings used in the call sign for ATC purposes for the aircraft you	
	If a unique ICAO designator is not available, enter the identification for ATC purposes (tail	
	numbers) of all the ercraft you operate as used in box 7 of the flight plan. Please separate	
	each registration with a semicolon (";"). Otherwise enter "n.a." and proceed.	
		222200000000000000000000000000000000000
(f)	Please enter the administering Member State of the aircraft operator	•
	pursuant to Art. 18a of the Directive	Latvia
(g)	Competent authority in this Member State:	Civil Aviation Authority
	In some Member States there is more than one Competent Authority dealing with the EU E	TS for aircraft operators. Please enter the name of the
	appropriate authority, # applicable. Otherwise choose "n.a.".	
(b)	Please enter the number and issuing authority of the Air Operator Ce	dificate (AOC) and Operating License
(h)	granted by a Member State if available:	entincate (AOC) and Operating Licence
	Air Operator Certificate:	LV-02
	AOC Issuing authority:	Latvia - Civil Aviation Agency
	Operating Licence:	2009-02
	Issuing authority:	Latvia - Ministry of Transport
(i)	Please enter the address of the aircraft operator, including postcode	and country:
-90/CII	Address Line 1	Maznudae
	Address Line 2	Re Constant
	City	Marupes pagasts
	State/Province/Region	Rigas rajons
	Postcode/ZIP	LV-2167
	Country	Latvia
	Telephone Number:	+371 67207392
	Email address	info@smart-lynx.com
		MICHAS IN
(i)	Who can we contact about your annual emission report?	
	It will help the competent authority to have someone who they can contact directly with any	and the second
	have the authority to act on your behalf. This may be an agent acting on behalf of the aircra	
	Title:	Mr
	First Name:	Maksims
	Surname:	Razdjakonovs
	Job title:	Electronic Flight Bag (EFB) Administrator
	Organisation name (if acting on behalf of the	he aircraft operator):
	Without and the	
	Telephone number:	37126303356
	Email address:	maksims.razdjakonovs@smart-lynx.com



### (k) Please provide an address for receipt of correspondence

You must provide an address for receipt of notices or other documents under or in connection with the EU Greenhouse Gas Emissions Trading	
Scheme. Please provide an electronic address and a postal address within the administering Member State.	

Title:	Mr `	-
First Name:	Alvis	
Surname:	Septe	_
Email address:	Alvis.Septe@smart-lynx.com	
Telephone number:	37129282184	
Address Line 1:	Mazrudas	
Address Line 2:		-
City:	Marupes pagasts	-
State/Province/Region:	Rigas rajons	-
Postcode/ZIP:	LV-2167	-
Country:	Latvia	-
		_

### Identification of the Verifier

In accordance with Article 28a(6) of the EU ETS Directive stipulates that aircraft operators emitting less than 25 000 tonnes of CO2 per year, related to the full scope of the EU ETS, both commercial and non-commercial, can choose an alternative to verification by an independent verifier. The alternative involves determining their emissions by using the small emitters tool approved under Commission Regulation No 606/2010. In such cases, data used for determining emissions must originate from Eurocontrol. As a result, aircraft operators taking advantage of this simpler method need to use data populated by Eurocontrol with data from its ETS support facility, without any modification. Where small emitters make use of this simplification, this section can be left empty.

(a) Name and address of the verifier of your annual emission report

Company Name:	
Address Line 1:	
Address Line 2:	
City:	
State/Province/Region	
Postcode/ZIP:	
Country:	

Bureau Veritas Latvia SIA	
Duntes st. 17a	
Riga	
LV-1005	
Latvia	

### (b) Contact person for the verifier:

It will help the competent authority to have someone who they can contact directly with any questions about verification of your report. The person you name should be familiar with this report.

Title:
First Name:
Surname:
Email address:
Telephone number:

Mr	
Andris	
Trifanovs	
andris.trifanovs@lv.bureauveritas.com	
37 129 278 875	

### (c) Information about the verifier's accreditation:

Note that pursuant to Article 54(2) of the "AVR" (Accreditation and Verification Regulation; Regulation (EU) No. 600/2012), a Member State may choose to entrust certification of natural persons as verifiers to a national authority other than the national accreditation body.

In such cases, "accreditation" should be read as "certification", and "accreditation body" as "national authority".

Member State where accreditation has been granted:	Latvia	
Registration number issued by the accreditation body:	LATAK-GHG-488	
The availability of such registration information may depend on the accrediting Merr	ber State's practice of accreditation of verifiers.	





### **EMISSION DATA OVERVIEW**

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onitoring pla	n, providing information about each		ations and all c					
onitoring pla	n, providing information about each							
tal number								
tal number			101 2					
	of flights in the reporting year cov							
operties of		umber of flights in the reporting year covered by the EU ETS:						
Properties of the fuels used: Please provide here the calculation factors needed for describing each fuel's properties for calculating the emissions. Input is require other fuels than the standard fuels already defined. Please note:				Input is required on	ly if you are using			
liminary EF	The "preliminary emission factor" is the asso composed of biomass fraction and fossil fra- the EF is usually reported as t CO2/t							
v	Net calorific value. Proxy data is to be repor	ted for completeness purposes. In I	this template It is i	not used for emission	calculation			
mass content stainable)	For fuels which contain biomass, complianc guidance document no. 3) in order to assign of the carbon content) contained in the fuel,	e with the sustainability criteria purs an emission factor of zero to the bi which is demonstrated to comply w	want to the RES I	Directive has to be de nter here the percents	amonstrated (see age of biomass (%			
biomass content Please enter here the percentage of biomass (% of the carbon content) contained in the fuel which cannot be demonstrated to comply (non-with the sustainability criteria. This biomass is treated like fossil material, i.e. it contributes to fossil emissions under point (c), but is also presented as a separate memo-item								
					DUANTITY, YOU NAVE			
Fuel No.	Name of fuel				quantity, you nave			
		preliminary EF [t CO2 / t fuel]	NCA [C1/4]		biomass content (non-sustainable) [%]			
1		[t CO2 / t fuel]		(sustainable) [%]	biomass content (non-sustainable) [%]			
1 2	Jet kerosene (jet A1 or jet A) Jet gasoline (Jet B)		NCV [GJ/t] 44.10 44.30		biomass content (non-sustainable)			
2 3	Jet kerosene (jet A1 or jet A)	[t CO2 / t fuel] 3.15	44.10	(sustainable) [%]	biomass content (non-sustainable) [%] 0.00			
2 3 4	Jet kerosene (jet A1 or jet A) Jet gasoline (Jet B)	[t CO2 / t fuel] 3.15 3.10	44.10 44.30	(sustainable) [%]	biomass content (non-sustainable) [%] 0.00 0.00			
2 3 4 5	Jet kerosene (jet A1 or jet A) Jet gasoline (Jet B)	[t CO2 / t fuel] 3.15 3.10	44.10 44.30	(sustainable) [%]	biomass content (non-sustainable) [%] 0.00 0.00			
2 3 4 5 6	Jet kerosene (jet A1 or jet A) Jet gasoline (Jet B)	[t CO2 / t fuel] 3.15 3.10	44.10 44.30	(sustainable) [%]	biomass content (non-sustainable) [%] 0.00 0.00 0.00			
2 3 4 5 6 7	Jet kerosene (jet A1 or jet A) Jet gasoline (Jet B)	[t CO2 / t fuel] 3.15 3.10	44.10 44.30	(sustainable) [%]	biomass content (non-sustainable) [%] 0.00 0.00 0.00			
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Jet kerosene (jet A1 or jet A) Jet gasoline (Jet B)	[t CO2 / t fuel] 3.15 3.10	44.10 44.30	(sustainable) [%]	biomass content (non-sustainable) [%] 0.00 0.00 0.00			
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Jet kerosene (jet A1 or jet A) Jet gasoline (Jet B)	[t CO2 / t fuel] 3.15 3.10	44.10 44.30	(sustainable) [%]	biomass content (non-sustainable) [%] 0.00 0.00 0.00			
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Jet kerosene (jet A1 or jet A) Jet gasoline (Jet B)	[t CO2 / t fuel] 3.15 3.10	44.10 44.30	(sustainable) [%]	biomass content (non-sustainable) [%] 0.00 0.00 0.00			
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Jet kerosene (jet A1 or jet A) Jet gasoline (Jet B)	[t CO2 / t fuel] 3.15 3.10	44.10 44.30	(sustainable) [%]	biomass content (non-sustainable) [%] 0.00 0.00 0.00			
	mass content stainable) nass content n- tainable) e: If you use a efine two diffe	the EF is usually reported as t CO2/t. Net calorific value. Proxy data is to be report mass content For fuels which contain biomass, compliance stainable) guidance document no. 3) in order to assign of the carbon content) contained in the fuel, calculating the fossil and biomass emissions mass content Please enter hare the percentage of biomass with the sustainability criteria. This biomass presented as a separate memo-item e: If you use a blofuel or mixed fuel, for which the sustainability the sustainability criteria.	the EF is usually reported as t CO2/t. Net calorific value. Proxy data is to be reported for completeness purposes. In mass content For fuels which contain biomass, compliance with the sustainability criteria purs stainable) guidance document no. 3) in order to assign an emission factor of zero to the bi of the carbon content) contained in the fuel, which is demonstrated to comply w calculating the fossil and biomass emissions under point (c). mass content Please enter here the percentage of biomass (% of the carbon content) contain n- with the sustainability criteria. This biomass is treated like fossil material, i.e. it d presented as a separate memo-item a: If you use a blofuel or mixed fuel, for which the sustainability criteria are demonstrate	the EF is usually reported as t CO2/t. Net calorific value. Proxy data is to be reported for completeness purposes. In this template it is mass content. For fuels which contain biomass, compliance with the sustainability criteria pursuant to the RES I guidance document no. 3) in order to assign an emission factor of zero to the biomass. Please er of the carbon content) contained in the fuel, which is demonstrated to comply with the sustainabil calculating the fossil and biomass emissions under point (c). mass content Please enter here the percentage of biomass (% of the carbon content) contained in the fuel which with the sustainability criteria. This biomass is treated like fossil material, i.e. it contributes to foss	Net calorific value. Proxy data is to be reported for completeness purposes. In this template it is not used for emission mass content. For fuels which contain biomass, compliance with the sustainability criteria pursuant to the RES Directive has to be det guidance document no. 3) in order to assign an emission factor of zero to the biomass. Please enter here the percent of the carbon content) contained in the fuel, which is demonstrated to comply with the sustainability criteria. This amou calculating the fossil and biomass emissions under point (c) mass content. Please enter here the percentage of biomass (% of the carbon content) contained in the fuel which cannot be demons with the sustainability criteria. This biomass is treated like fossil material, i.e. it contributes to fossil emissions under por tainable) presented as a separate memo-item			



#### CO2 from nonsustainable biomass Note that these emissions are part of the "fossil" emissions and do not need to be added once more biomass

Fuel No.	Name of fuel	(final) EF [t CO2 / t fuel]	fuel consumption [tonnes]	CO2 emissions [t CO2]	CO2 from sustainable biomass	CO2 from non- sustainable biomass
1	Jet kerosene (jet A1 or jet A)	3.15	3 464.44	10 913	0	
2	Jet gasoline (Jet B)	3.10			and the second of	Internet and
3	Aviation gasoline (AvGas)	3.10		and the strength		and the second second
4		In the second				
5	A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT. OF A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT. OF A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT. OF A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT. OF A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT. OF A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT OF A CONTRACT.	C. C			Sector Gallery Cont	
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8		THE STREET STREET		AND STREET	A DATE OF THE	
9	and the second second second			A CONTRACTOR		
10	Manager and the state of the	P. R. Standard		P. BARRING P.	LIC STREET	diama and
11	A CONTRACTOR OF	W Research B			1.0.0	1000
12	Bestern From Aller Barry			Hard Provide State	Contraction of the	

If required, you may add further fuels by inserting rows above this one. This is best done by inserting a copied row. However, formulae will need corrections!

IMPORTANT NOTE: This total emissions figure is considered the correct	
aggrogation in the cheet "Emissions Date" on in the Anney deviates for	
aggregation in the sheet "Emissions Data" or in the Annex deviates fro tables is consistent.	om this figure, make sure that the data in all
This figure should only include emissions to be reported under the EU	ETS, i.e. relate to the reduced scope.

Memo Item: Sustainable biomass:	0	
Memo Item: Non-sustainable biomass:		0

### (d) Fuel use per aircraft type:

Please indicate for each fuel type used the associated generic aircraft types as listed. If aircraft types have used different fuel in the reporting period, please list them for each fuel used. The names of alternative fuels are taken automatically from section (b) above.

Fuel No.	Name of fuel	Generic Alrcraft types using this fuel (ICAO designators separated by semicolons)
1	Jet kerosene (jet A1 or jet A)	A320;B734;B738
2	Jet gasoline (Jet B)	
3	Aviation gasoline (AvGas)	
4	Street BL Children Street	
5	HISING HARD THE HIS	
6		
7	A REAL PROPERTY AND INCOME.	
8		
9	CONFIGURATION OF	
10	Case here and a local sector	
11	terestation of the second states of the	
12	MARKET OF THE OWNER WATCHING TO THE	· ·

If required, you may add further fuels by inserting rows above this one. This is best done by inserting a copied row.





### 6 Use of simplified procedures

- (a) Have you been using the simplified approach allowed for small emitters pursuant to Article 54(2) of the MRR? Small omitters are aircraft operators which operate fower than 243 flights per period for three consecutive four month periods and aircraft operators with total annual emissions lower than 25,000 V CO2 per year, related to the EU ETS full scope.
  - FALSE
- (b) Please report the total number of full scope flights covered by the EU ETS in each four-month period during the reporting year for which you are the aircraft operator: The lead line of deadure of the flight determines in which four month excide that flight shall be taken into account.

Four-month period	Number of flights
January to April	
May to August	
September to December	
Fotal:	0

#### (c) Total emissions in the reporting year:

		Please enter here the total emissions related to the full scope.	t CO2
--	--	--	-------

#### (d) Confirmation of eligibility for simplified approach:

Note: If you are using the simplified approach for small emitters, but have exceeded the opplicable threshold (which is indicated here by the message "not eligible"), the following consequences apply in accordance with Article 54(4) of the MRR:

The aircraft operator shall notify the compatent authority thereof without undue delay and submit a significant modification of the monitoring plan within the meaning of point (vi) of Article 16(4)(a) to the compatent authority for approval.

However, the aircraft operator may continue to use the simplified appreach provided that that aircraft operator demonstrates to the satisfaction of the compotent authority that the thresholds have not already been exceeded within the past five reporting periods and will not be exceeded again from the following reporting period onwords.

### 7 Approach for data gaps

(a) List of data gaps occurred and method of determining surrogate data

In accordance with Article 65(2) of the MRR data gaps must be closed by a method defined in the monitoring plan, or if this is not possible, by using a tool which may be used for the small emitters approach.

Please specify here the data gaps occurred, how surrogate data was determined, and the amount of emissions according to the surrogate data. Note that these data are NOT added to the emissions given in section 5, but must be included in section 5.

#### The table should be filled as follows:

 Reference
 Here the data gap should be specified, either by referencing the aircraft, aerodrome. flight numbers etc. for which the data gap occurred, and/or the start and end date of the period where the gap occurred.

 Reason
 Please describe here the reason why the data gap occurred.

Type Please describe here the type of data gap, such as "density measurement not available", "fuel uplift not available", "flights missing activity list", etc.

 Replacement
 please indicate the method of determining surrogate data, by referencing the procedure in your monitoring plan, or by "small emitter tool"

 method
 elc.

Emissions Please give here the amount of emissions which are affected by the data gap. This figure must be INCLUDED in section 5.

Reference	Reason	Туре	Replacement method	Emissions
	1			
and the second second				
			and the second	
				_

If required, you may add further fuels by inserting rows above this one. This is best done by inserting a copied row.





### EMISSION DATA PER COUNTRY AND FUEL

### 8 Detailed emissions data

(a) The following table is used for control purposes only. Please make sure that the totals are consistent with the result of section S(c). The following sections (b) and (c) should be filled without any double counting of emissions.

S(c). The following sections (a) and (c) should be filled without any double counting of emissions. Note: You can add more columns if you use more fuels, and more rows if you have to enter more country pairs. If you add additional cells, and/or copy and paste data from another program or worksheet, you have to add the appropriate calculation formulas and check the correctness of existing formulas. It is the full responsibility of the aircraft operator to check the correctness of calculations.

Note: Only fossil emissions are accounted for in this section. This includes blomass emissions for which sustainability criteria have not been proven.

		Emissi	ons from each Fue	[ [ CO2]		TOTAL [1 CO2]
	Jet kerosene (jet A1 or jet A)	Jet gasoline (Jet B)	Aviation gaselins (AvGes)	Alternative fuel 1	<edd fuels<br="" more="">before this column&gt;</edd>	
Total appropriated CO2 emissions from all flights relating to the reduced scope of the EU ETS Directive (= 0 + C)	10.013	•	8	0		10 10 12
of which deperture MS is the serve as errival MS (domestic flights, =sum of section (b))	168	6	· ·	0	- Cite	168
of which all other intra EEA flights	10 745	0	U	•	0	10 745
emissions from all lights departing from a Member Stats to another Member State (=sum of secton (c))	10 745	0	•	•	0	10 745

(b) Aggregated CO2 emissions from all flights of which departure Member State is the same as arrival Member State (domestic flights):



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## Member State specific further information

10 Comments

Space for further Comments:



<<< Click here to proceed to section 11 "Emissions per aerodrome pair" >>>



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